

Aim: Does Thoreau develop a central idea in part 1, paragraphs 3–4? Why or why not?

Vocabulary
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · resign (v.) – give up or relinquish · cultivate (v.) – promote the growth or development of · palpitation (n.) – an unusually or abnormally rapid or violent beating of the heart. · reminiscence (n.) – a mental impression retained and revived · corse (n.) – corpse · rampart (n.) – a protective barrier · practical (adj.) – relating to what is real rather than to what is possible or imagined · majority (n.) – the group or party that is the greater part of a large group · minority (n.) – the group that is the smaller part of a larger group · virtually (adv.) – very nearly; almost entirely · legislator (n.) – a person who makes laws · subjects (n.) – people who live in a country that is ruled by a king or queen

Do now: Choose one word from the Vocabulary list:

Word:	
Rewrite definition in your own words:	Where have you seen the word before:
_____	_____
_____	_____
Use word in a sentence:	Visual:

MEA #1:

Team Thoreau: *Choose any three question.*

1. How does Thoreau’s statement, “I ask for, not at once no government, but *at once* a better government” (part 1, par. 3) relate to his earlier idea that “government is best which governs least” (part 1, par. 1)?
2. What distinction does Thoreau draw in paragraph 3 and how does it support his point of view?

3. What does Thoreau recommend as a step toward establishing a better government?
4. How does Thoreau develop the relationship between conscience and government?

Team Bhutto: *Choose any three questions.*

5. What distinction does Thoreau establish between “law” and “the right”?
6. How does Thoreau’s description of the “undue respect for law” (part 1, par. 4) develop a central idea?
7. How does Thoreau use the example of the military in part 1, paragraph 4 to develop his ideas about conscience?
8. Consider Bhutto’s “Ideas Live On” and Thoreau’s ideas in part 1, paragraphs 3–4. Compare how each author develops a similar central idea.

MEA #2: How does Thoreau develop a central idea in part 1, paragraphs 3–4?

1. **Sentence kernel:** He develops the central idea.

Who?.....

Where?.....

What?.....

How?.....

Sentence expansion: _____

2. **Sentence kernel:** He argues that government is one in which “majorities do not virtually decide right and wrong, but conscience.”

Who?.....

Sentence expansion: _____

3. **Sentence kernel:** He further develops the central idea of ethics.

Who?.....

What?.....

How?.....

Sentence expansion: _____
